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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Unsettled

VOL. XIV—NO. 24.

OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1915—TWELVE PAGES.

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## TORNADO WRECKS SEVERAL TOWNS NEAR SIOUX CITY

Rumor is that Twenty-One Were Killed When the Twister Struck Worthington, Minn.

### BIG DAMAGE AT SIOUX FALLS

Numerous Buildings Are Lowered and Crops Destroyed, but No One Reported Killed.

### OMAHA, IOWA, ALSO IS STRUCK

A severe windstorm blew down all the wires between Omaha and Sioux City when it struck the main line of the Northwestern at Onawa, Ia., but the extent of the damage cannot be learned.

Sioux City reports that it had a message that twenty-one were killed by a cyclone at Worthington, Minn., but the wires to the north went down and the report could not be confirmed.

Not Severe at Sioux Falls. Rumors floated around here that half of Sioux Falls had blown away, but that there had been heavy rain and wind which lowered several houses and barns, but there was no report of anyone killed.

There was also a report of a severe storm at Sioux City, but that was wrong, as a heavy rain about 4 o'clock was the extent of the storm there.

### Light Damage in Omaha.

A gale which swept through Omaha from the northwest shortly after 7 o'clock last night, accompanied by masses of black clouds and rain, caused thousands of dollars of damage in this city and vicinity and pitched a dinner which was about to be served at Carter Lake club pavilion out of the windows, compelling 200 hungry persons to satisfy their appetites on scraps, which resembled the fare of the refugees of Belgium.

A few diners had partaken of the meal when the wind arrived. It tore the screens from the windows and hurled much of the food from the tables through the apertures. Dishes and utensils were piled on the floor by the gale.

It was the occasion of the weekly dinner of the "ootiggers," the summer population at Carter Lake club, and scores of guests from downtown were present. Many hastened away to seek a meal elsewhere before the rain arrived. Others died on the wind's "leavings."

The wind tore the roof from the grandstand at the speedway in East Omaha, causing damage estimated at \$2,000, not insured.

Reports indicated that much damage was done to crops and to fruit trees. Orchards at Florence suffered severely. Much minor damage was done in Omaha. At Lake Manawa in Council Bluffs and at Carter lake it was said that all persons who were in boats on the water reached shore safely before the wind came.

## Strike Threatened In the Great Krupp Works at Essen

GENEVA, Switzerland, July 15.—(Via Paris)—A report has reached Basel that a big strike is threatened at the Krupp works at Essen, Germany, the movement being headed by the Union of Metallurgical Workers and the Association of Mechanics. They demand higher wages because of the cost of living and shorter hours because of the great strain under which they are working, the report says.

The workmen are said to be in an angry mood and threaten the destruction of machinery unless their demands are granted immediately. They have been out off for three months with promises.

## Tse-Ne-Gat Found Not Guilty at Denver

DENVER, July 15.—Tse-ne-gat, Plute Indian was found not guilty of a murder charge by a jury in the United States district court late today. Tse-ne-gat had been accused of murdering Jim Chacon, a Mexican sheep herder, in southwestern Colorado.

## Colorado Can't Vote On Prohibition Law

DENVER, Colo., July 15.—The state law providing statutory provisions for the enforcement of statewide prohibition cannot be referred to the voters, according to an opinion handed down today by Attorney General Fred Farrar. The opinion was rendered on request of J. B. Ramer, secretary of state.

## The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Unsettled, probably showers.

Hour	Deg.
5 A.	58
6 A.	58
7 A.	58
8 A.	58
9 A.	58
10 A.	58
11 A.	58
12 M.	58
1 P.	58
2 P.	58
3 P.	58
4 P.	58
5 P.	58
6 P.	58
7 P.	58
8 P.	58
9 P.	58
10 P.	58
11 P.	58
12 M.	58

## ENGLAND AND GERMANY EXCHANGE PRISONERS—Group of 150 Germans marching to the Stratford station, home to captivity in England.



## ALLEN FILES MANY LETTERS IN CAPITAL

Brother-in-Law of Bryan Evidently Hot After Position of District Attorney.

### DEMOS AT CAPITAL ROUSED

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Officials connected with the Department of Justice, stated today, there was renewed activity among leading democrats of Nebraska over the position of United States district attorney, and that Tom Allen of Lincoln, brother-in-law of William Jennings Bryan, had filed a big bunch of recommendations in his favor during the last few days.

While the officials would not hazard a guess who would be appointed, it would not surprise anyone who has followed the matter to see Allen on the job. Attorney General Gregory is planning to go to Chicago next week, and it is just possible he will ask Senator Hitchcock to meet him there to go over the situation, as it affects the United States marshal and district attorney of Nebraska.

Should it be found inconvenient for Senator Hitchcock to meet the attorney general in Chicago, it may be that Mr. Gregory will ask the senator to come to Washington for a conference.

There is a determination in both the Department of Justice and Treasury department to put a stop to the bickering of the Hitchcock and Bryan factions and make a nomination for positions of collector of internal revenue, collector of customs at Omaha, United States district attorney and marshal.

## S. C. BURLINGIM, FORMER BANKER AT SEWARD, DEAD

S. C. Burlingim, 1903 Ninney street, civil war veteran and former banker at Seward, Neb., died last evening at his home following a stroke of paralysis, with which he was stricken three weeks ago today, and from which he never rallied.

Mr. Burlingim was born in New Boston, O., April 29, 1842. He served three years in the civil war with Illinois volunteers and came to Seward in 1882, where he became vice president of the Jones National bank. He was state fish commissioner under Governor Boyd and came to Omaha eighteen years ago, where he has since been engaged in promoting paving.

He is survived by a son, Fred C. of the Merchants hotel, and a daughter, who is a sister at the Good Shepherd convent. Funeral services will be read this evening at 8 o'clock at Stack & Falconer's chapel, Rev. T. J. Mackay officiating, after which the body will be taken to Seward for interment in the family lot beside his wife, who died there in 1908. Funeral services at Seward will be held Saturday afternoon.

## AMBASSADOR MARYE PROBABLY WILL RESIGN

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Reports that Ambassador Marye at Petrograd might resign gained circulation today when it became known that Mrs. Marye, on her return to Washington recently, told friends, including a subordinate official in the State department, that probably her husband will ask soon that his successor be appointed.

No official knowledge of Ambassador Marye's intention has come either to the White House or the State department and the first intimation of it came today in published reports. Mrs. Marye is understood to have told friends that she would not return to Petrograd and expected her husband to resign some time before next fall.

Mrs. Marye is in California.

## ADMITS NEBRASKAN HIT BY A TORPEDO

German Foreign Office Says Attack on American Ship Accident and Offers Settlement.

### SAYS IT CARRIED NO MARKINGS

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Germany in an official memorandum transmitted today from Berlin by Ambassador Gerard admits that the American steamer Nebraskan was torpedoed by a submarine, expresses regret and readiness to make reparations and assures the United States that the attack was "not meant for the American flag, but is to be considered an unfortunate accident."

Secretary Lansing made public the German memorandum which disposes of the question whether the Nebraskan was struck by a torpedo or by a mine. The German memorandum closes the incident, it was said, except as to the payment of damages.

The State department made this announcement: "Ambassador Gerard has telegraphed to the State department the following memorandum from the German Foreign office relative to the damaging of the American steamer Nebraskan by a German submarine:

"The German government received from newspaper reports the intelligence that the American steamer Nebraskan had been damaged by a mine or torpedo on the southwest coast of Ireland. It therefore started a thorough investigation of the case without delay, and from the result of the investigation it has been concluded that the attack was an accident."

### Called It Accident.

"The German government received from newspaper reports the intelligence that the American steamer Nebraskan had been damaged by a mine or torpedo on the southwest coast of Ireland. It therefore started a thorough investigation of the case without delay, and from the result of the investigation it has been concluded that the attack was an accident."

## Hurley Says War Will Make United States Wealthy

CHICAGO, July 15.—The United States will be "enormously wealthy" if the European war continues six months longer, Edward W. Hurley, vice chairman of the federal trade commission, said here today in announcing the plans of the commission to promote foreign trade.

Mr. Hurley will be joined by members of the commission in Chicago on Monday to begin a tour of the central, west and Pacific coast, for the purpose of promoting close co-operation among American business interests to boost trade with foreign nations.

## British Troops Are Fighting in Serbia

LIVERPOOL, July 15.—That British troops are now in Serbia fighting with the Serbians against the Austro-Hungarians was officially confirmed today by Crawford Price, the British exiles witness, with the Serbian forces. Lecturing here, he said the British army authorities now permitted him to make this announcement. The strength of the British forces in Serbia was not stated.

## STURGIS IS FLOODED BY ELECTRICAL STORM

STURGIS, S. D., July 15.—(Special Telegram.)—An electrical storm here this morning did considerable damage to property. Creeks overflowed banks, bridges were carried out, cellars were filled with water and numbers of washouts are reported.

## ALL OLD MURDER CASES DISMISSED

Justice Sawyer Rules that Evidence is Not Sufficient to Warrant Holding Accused Men.

### ATTORNEY GENERAL AGREES

BEDFORD, Ia., July 15.—The case against Bates Huntman, who has been on preliminary trial before Justice M. A. Sawyer for the alleged murder of Nathaniel Smith, a Missouri cattleman, and his son, in September, 1877, was dismissed today by Justice Sawyer.

The case was dismissed upon the motion of the attorneys for Huntman, who called a conference in the hope of reaching a settlement and the whole country is watching the outcome of the case, which is to be a test of the government's power to force labor to arbitrate in the face of the men's contention, though not the leaders, that having made their demands there is nothing to arbitrate.

All Cases Dismissed. Loud cheers greeted the announcement of Justice Sawyer that he would dismiss the case. The officers in the court room had considerable difficulty in restoring order so enthusiastic were the neighbors of the aged defendants who had gathered to witness the final scenes of the court drama which has stirred the community for the last week. Finally Justice Sawyer succeeded in getting the room quiet and then said that the case against all four defendants would stand dismissed.

This second announcement was a signal for another outburst as the crowd closed in around the late defendants. Huntman and Samuel Scribner stood with tears in their eyes as they received the congratulations of their friends. The court room turned into a reception scene, in which the defendants were the chief figures, with witnesses for and against them mingling with the spectators in what appeared to be a jollification meeting.

### Murder Not Proved.

The motion to dismiss came from Attorney B. J. Flick, representing Huntman, after Samuel Anderson had left the stand, where he had just added a few details to his testimony of yesterday. Attorney Flick declared that the corpus delicti had not been established and that the charge against his client had not been borne out by the state's evidence.

Attorney General Cossan at this point arose and announced that while he had been forcibly impressed with the story of Mrs. Marie Collins Porter and was convinced that murders had been committed about the time she stated, the evidence in his mind would not warrant the state in proceeding further with the case. He said he would not on the evidence thus far adduced ask the grand jury to consider the charges against the old men, and therefore he and the court made its order of April 14.

## ROCKEFELLER GOES TO OHIO FOR THE SUMMER

CLEVELAND, O., July 15.—John D. Rockefeller arrived today from Tarrytown, N. Y., for the summer at Forest Hill, his Cleveland residence. His trip, which was to have been made prior to his seventy-sixth birthday, July 8, was delayed because of the attack by Frank H. Mason, who was the object of a similar outrage by a crank.

He was accompanied by Miss Lucy Spellman, sister of Mrs. Rockefeller, who died since the last visit of the family here. Rockefeller looked more wan and feeble than a year ago, but appeared in jovial spirits.

Mr. Rockefeller said his stay would be "a good long one." The force of guards at Forest Hill has been heavily increased.

## WELSH MINERS STRIKE DESPITE CABINET'S ORDER

One Hundred and Twenty Thousand Men in South Wales Collieries Refuse to Go to Work.

### MUNITIONS ACT IS INVOKED

Government Now Trying to Find Method of Enforcing Penalties Provided by It.

### CUTS OFF NAVY FUEL SUPPLY

LONDON, July 15.—A dispatch from Cardiff to the Central News agency says that the miners' conference by vote of 180 to 113 decided not to accept the recommendation of the council to return to work.

LONDON, July 15.—Out of the various manifestations of unrest in the British labor field shown since the outbreak of the war there developed today what may prove, unless an early solution is found, one of the most serious strikes in the history of the country. More than 150,000 men have laid down their tools, thereby shutting down virtually all the mines in the Welsh coal fields which supply steaming coal for the British navy.

### Government Forbids Strike.

The British government, using for the first time the authority granted by the so-called munitions measure, ruled that the miners must not strike, a proclamation to this effect having been issued yesterday. The miners' answer to this proclamation was to go on strike. Though a subject of daily heavy fine for striking and though urged by their leaders to allow their demands for higher pay to be arbitrated, the miners threw aside all advice and today refused to take up their picks and shovels to stop the mines, but leaving idle the mine railways and some ships engaged in coal transport.

Theoretically the government is empowered to check the strike forthwith, but it is a puzzling problem how the fines authorized under the munitions measure are to be enforced. No notice in the strike district has been reported. The miners' leaders have called a conference in the hope of reaching a settlement and the whole country is watching the outcome of the case, which is to be a test of the government's power to force labor to arbitrate in the face of the men's contention, though not the leaders, that having made their demands there is nothing to arbitrate.

### Miners Defy Government.

CARDIFF, Wales, July 15.—In spite of optimistic predictions that serious labor difficulties in the coal fields would be averted, virtually every mine in Wales was idle this morning, the day fixed for the beginning of the miners' strike for higher wages.

In one district alone 20,000 men struck, defying the government's proclamation that the provisions of the munitions act would be invoked to prevent a cessation of operations. By 10 o'clock it was estimated that upward of 150,000 men were out in all parts of the Welsh fields.

A meeting of the executive committee of the South Wales Miners' union was called for this afternoon to confer with representatives of the Board of Trade, but the rank and file of the miners are obstinate and the government proclamation seems only to have stiffened their resolution to stand firm in their demands. Men who strike in the face of the government prohibition are subject to a fine of \$5 a day, in default of which they may be imprisoned.

## Editor Who Refused To Give Source of Story in Contempt

DENVER, Colo., July 15.—Judge John A. Perry in the district court today fined Arthur McLennan, managing editor of the Denver Times, \$50 and costs for contempt of court in refusing to divulge information to a recent county grand jury.

The contempt proceedings followed the incident in the state legislature last winter, when a package of currency was delivered to Representative W. W. Howland on the floor of the house. The Times printed an account of the "package of money" affair, which later was investigated by the grand jury. McLennan was summoned before the grand jury and ordered to reveal the source of the information upon which the first story in the Times was based. He refused, maintaining that the information reached him in a confidential communication.

In pronouncing sentence the court said: "There seems to be a notion current among members of the press that they are exempt from disclosing the names of persons who give them information, which is made the subject of their articles, a notion, however, which the respondent ought to have understood to be wholly erroneous, after this court made its order of April 14."

## VILLA ABANDONS SAN LUIS POTOSI

CARRANZA Now Holds All Important Points on Railroad to Laredo, Save One.

### WILL TRY TO CUT OFF RETREAT

WASHINGTON, July 15.—A train between Vera Cruz and Mexico City has been wrecked by a bomb near Aprtaco. The explosion killed and wounded many persons. A cablegram from Vera Cruz to the State department says it is uncertain whether the train left Vera Cruz July 12 or July 13. The railroad has discontinued selling tickets to Mexico City.

### EL PASO, Tex., July 15.—General

Villa has abandoned San Luis Potosi, according to reliable, although unofficial, information. This action has given to Carranza possession of all but one of the important points on the railroad from Mexico City to Laredo, on the American frontier. Villa, so far as is known here, continues to hold Querretaro, but with a small force, now isolated. His own position at Torreon is regarded by military observers as precarious. By the abandonment of Agua Caliente and Zacatecas, Villa has yielded to General Obregon the means for support from the east, although as yet communication does not appear to have been established. The forces of Villa, despoiled long stretches of railway both east and south of Obregon and south of Querretaro, but there is no evidence that he has any considerable force in any of those directions to hinder repair work.

### Will Try to Surround Villa.

From the interior it was reported Carranza forces from Monterrey were planning to co-operate with Obregon by moving westward against Villa at Torreon while another force is attempting to get between him and the American frontier by a march westward from Monclova. Villa has on hand some 7,000,000 rounds of ammunition and his army is not suffering from foodstuffs. He appears, however, not to be well supplied with money and it is said that desertions have shown some increase due to the comparatively small pay soldiers receive and the large prices paid for labor.

Carranza adherents here are jubilant over the prospect of an early resumption of traffic over the railway from Mexico City to Laredo. They admit, however, that the work of destruction at some points along the line has been so complete that several weeks may pass before a train is operated.

### Food, but No Funds.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Mexico City, freed of the perils of siege and with prospects of food for the starving, now is confronted with another famine—a scarcity of money. Millions in currency, issued by the various factions as control of the capital passed back and forth between them during the last year, have been repudiated by each succeeding government. Although supported by decree while the issuing faction remained in control, all such currency now in the hands of the populace is of doubtful value. Villa has issued large amounts, as did Huerta, and when General Obregon first occupied the city for General Carranza, he made a large issue. Now that food may come in many of the famished, although possessed of some kind of money, may be unable to buy it. Officials here have been expecting that the Carranza government will act to regulate the situation.

Travelers arriving yesterday at Vera Cruz reported Mexico City quiet and said the populace seemed indifferent to the shifting scenes of government.

## The Day's War News

FRANZSE HAS BEEN taken by the Germans almost at the inception of what appears to be a new drive at Warsaw from the north. Simultaneously the Germans report the breaking down of attempts by the French to win back lost ground in the Argonne region and the infliction of heavy losses upon the attacking forces.

PARIS REPORTS the capture of a line of German trenches north of Arras and the failure of a German attack in the Wever region. It concedes a German advantage at one disputed point in the Argonne. AUSTRIA HAS MADE representations to Washington that this country's exports of war munitions to the entente allies have reached such dimensions as to threaten the neutrality of the United States.

GERMAN FORCES are again active in the region north of Warsaw, causing military observers to believe that a drive at the Polish capital from that direction may be imminent.

RUSSIAN ADMIT a German offensive has begun in one sector, where a Russian force retired to its second line positions. Apparently the same operations, however, were alluded to in the most recent German statement as resulting in "local successes."

GERMAN DRIVE at the French lines in the Argonne forest region has been followed by attempts on the part of the French to regain lost ground. The latest report from Paris claims partial success in the effort.

TWO HILLS DEFENDING Kethis, on the Gallipoli peninsula, were occupied by the troops of the entente allies after four assaults on Monday last, according to Athens advices received in London.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK the Norwegian steamer Rym. One of the merchantman's engineers was killed. The rest of the crew was saved.

GREAT BRITAIN'S COAL STRIKE problem continues acute, 150,000 miners having gone out despite the prohibitions of the war munitions act.

## ANGLO-FRENCH ARMY ADVANCES IN GALLIPOLI

Unconfirmed Report from Athens Says Allies Have Made Substantial Progress on the Krithia Line.

### EASTERN ARENA NEARLY QUIET

Signs Seem to Point to Another Drive at Warsaw from East Prussian Line.

### FRENCH GAIN IN ARGONNE

LONDON, July 15.—Two strongly held Turkish lines defending the Dardanelles have been captured by Anglo-French forces on the Gallipoli peninsula, according to an announcement given out this evening by the British official press bureau.

LONDON, July 15.—From Athens comes a report of a substantial advance made by the Anglo-French forces against the Krithia Achi Baba line, but since so many wild rumors have originated in the Grecian capital this is received with reserve until officially confirmed.

The latest Paris communication counters the claims of German success in the Argonne region with the report that the French have set foot at several points in the German trenches on the road to Marie Therese and that the French are making progress in their attacks beyond the Seron road, to the west of the forest of Argonne.

On the eastern front nothing approaching a decisive action has been reported in a fortnight. The Germans are again showing activity in the region between the Niemen and Vistula rivers, where they have attacked in force, making an advance along one section, from which the Russians retired to their second line.

All these signs point to a new German drive toward Warsaw from the East Prussian frontier, but it is believed by military observers here that the Russians have sufficient forces in this district to put up formidable resistance.

It is expected that the period of quiescence in southern Poland will be ended by an attack on the Austro-Germans toward the Bug river. Great Britain is again exerting its domestic troubles with 150,000 coal miners, actually on strike.

The most packers' representatives are delighted at the news that the Washington government is about to intervene in their behalf.

### French Official Report.

PARIS, July 15.—The French war office gave out the following today on the progress of hostilities: "Activity during the night in the region to the north of Arras was quite diversified. To the south of the Chateau de Carleul we seized a line of German trenches. Around Neuville Saint Vaast and the 'Labyrinth' there was hand grenade fighting."

"In the Argonne the fighting was to the west of the forest where we had progressed yesterday. To the north of the Seron road, after a series of counter attacks the Germans succeeded in regaining a foothold in the Beaurain woods. In the rest of this sector there was no change in the situation."

"Between Fay-en-Haye and the forest of Lepretre a sortie of the enemy was immediately halted by the fire of our artillery and infantry."

### German Capture Franzese.

BERLIN, July 15.—(Via London)—Franzese, a town of Russian Poland, fifty miles north of Warsaw, has been captured by the German forces according to the official statement given out today by the German army headquarters staff. The Germans also announce that they have captured the village of Konyssa to the south of Kolno, and have stormed the heights of Claska to the northeast of Suwalki.

## THOUSANDS SEE LIBERTY BELL AT PORTLAND, ORE.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 15.—The arrival of the Liberty Bell here today was signalled by the blowing of factory and river craft whistles, after which for four hours an unbroken stream of people passed the famous relic. A feature of the celebration was a parade by school children and military and patriotic organizations.

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